T60, T80 and T100 torch: consumable parts

	Torch part number	T60 Powermax 1000	T80 Powermax1250	T100 Powermax 1650
Shield, 100 Amp	220065			 ✓
Shield, 40/60/80 Amp	120929	 ✓ 	v	~
Nozzle, 100 Amp	220011			 ✓
Nozzle, 80 Amp	120927		 ✓ 	 ✓
Nozzle, 60 Amp	120931	 ✓ 	v	 ✓
Nozzle, 40 Amp	120932	 ✓ 	 ✓ 	 ✓
Electrode, 100 Amp	220037			 ✓
Electrode, 40/60/80 Amp	120926	 ✓ 	 ✓ 	 ✓
Swirl Ring, 100 Amp	220051			 ✓
Swirl Ring, 40/60/80 Amp	120925	 ✓ 	 ✓ 	 ✓
Retaining Cap, 40/60/80 Amp	120928	 ✓ 	 ✓ 	 ✓
	220048			 ✓
	120979	 ✓ 	v	 ✓
	220048			 ✓
	120928	 ✓ 	V	V
	220064			 ✓
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	120980		v	 ✓
	220007	 ✓ 	V	V
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	220006	 ✓ 	v	v
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	220037			 ✓
	120926	 ✓ 	V	 ✓
	220051			v
	120925	 ✓ 	v	 ✓
	120977	 ✓ 	V	V
	220048			V
		 ✓ 	v	V
				V
		V	v	V
				V
		 ✓ 	v	V
			•	V
		 ✓ 	 ✓ 	V
		×	V	V
		-	· ·	· ·
* · ·		•	•	~
		-		
		-		
		-		
Powermax1650	850440		•	~
	Shield, 40/60/80 AmpNozzle, 100 AmpNozzle, 80 AmpNozzle, 60 AmpNozzle, 40 AmpElectrode, 100 AmpElectrode, 40/60/80 AmpSwirl Ring, 100 Amp	part number Shield, 100 Amp 220065 Shield, 40/60/80 Amp 120929 Nozzle, 100 Amp 220011 Nozzle, 80 Amp 120927 Nozzle, 60 Amp 120931 Nozzle, 40 Amp 120932 Electrode, 100 Amp 220037 Electrode, 40/60/80 Amp 120926 Swirl Ring, 100 Amp 220051 Swirl Ring, 40/60/80 Amp 120928 Retaining Cap, 40/60/80 Amp 120928 Retaining Cap, 100 Amp 220048 Deflector, 40/60/80/100 Amp 120928 Nozzle, 100 Amp 220048 Retaining Cap, 100 Amp 220048 Retaining Cap, 40/60/80 Amp 120928 Nozzle, 100 Amp 220007 Nozzle, 60 Amp 220007 Nozzle, 40 Amp 220037 Electrode, 100 Amp 220037 Electrode, 100 Amp 220037 Electrode, 100 Amp 220037 Swirl Ring, 100 Amp 220051 Swirl Ring, 100 Amp 220051 Swirl Ring, 60/80 Amp 120926	part number Powermax1000 Shield, 100 Amp 220065 Shield, 40/60/80 Amp 120929 Nozzle, 100 Amp 220011 Nozzle, 80 Amp 120927 Nozzle, 60 Amp 120931 Nozzle, 40 Amp 120932 Electrode, 100 Amp 220037 Electrode, 40/60/80 Amp 120926 Swirl Ring, 100 Amp 220051 Swirl Ring, 40/60/80 Amp 120928 Retaining Cap, 40/60/80 Amp 120928 Retaining Cap, 40/60/80 Amp 120928 Retaining Cap, 100 Amp 220048 Retaining Cap, 100 Amp 220048 Retaining Cap, 40/60/80 Amp 120928 Nozzle, 100 Amp 220064 Nozzle, 60 Amp 120928 Nozzle, 60 Amp 220007 Nozzle, 40 Amp 220064 Nozzle, 40 Amp 220065 Electrode, 100 Amp 220037 Electrode, 40/60/80 Amp 120926 Swirl Ring, 100 Amp 220051 Swirl Ring, 40/60/80 Amp 120925 Nozzle, 60/80 Amp	part number Powermax1000 Powermax1250 Shield, 100 Amp 120929 ✓ ✓ Nozzle, 100 Amp 120929 ✓ ✓ Nozzle, 80 Amp 120927 ✓ ✓ Nozzle, 60 Amp 120931 ✓ ✓ Nozzle, 40 Amp 120932 ✓ ✓ Electrode, 100 Amp 220037 ✓ ✓ Electrode, 40/60/80 Amp 120926 ✓ ✓ Swirl Ring, 100 Amp 220051 ✓ ✓ Swirl Ring, 40/60/80 Amp 120928 ✓ ✓ Retaining Cap, 100 Amp 220048 ✓ ✓ Retaining Cap, 100 Amp 220064 ✓ ✓ Nozzle, 100 Amp 220064 ✓ ✓ Nozzle, 60 Amp 220064 ✓ ✓ Nozzle, 60 Amp 220064 ✓ ✓ Nozzle, 100 Amp 220064 ✓ ✓ Nozzle, 60 Amp 120926 ✓ ✓ Swirl Ring, 100 Amp 220051 <t< td=""></t<>

Hypertherm

www.hypertherm.com

© 7/08 Hypertherm, Inc. Revision 1 892580 Mechanized torch parts not included.

Power up your Powermax^{*} with Genuine Hypertherm Consumables

It's like owning 4 systems in 1!



Shielded consumables for everyday cutting, Hypertherm's drag-cutting technology makes it easy to follow a line or template.



Unshielded consumables are extended for hard-to-reach areas and when extra clearance is needed during beveling.





for your toughest metal-removal jobs. New and improved to remove more metal with less time and effort.

Hypertherm



FineCut[™] consumables

for best quality cuts on thinner plate. Less dross, a narrower kerf and virtually no heat-affected zone.



www.hypertherm.com

Hand cutting techniques and recommendations

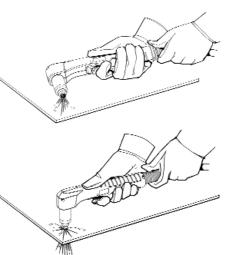
Using the proper techniques will help ensure longer consumable life

CUTTING

- Sparks should exit from the bottom of the work piece. Upward sparks indicate a torch moving too fast or a torch with insufficient power
- Torch nozzle should be held vertical to the cutting position and the cut monitored with appropriate face/eye protection
- Pulling rather than pushing a torch through a cut enables better control
- For shielded consumables Lightly drag the torch across the work piece
- work piece
 For unshielded consumables –
 Maintain approximately 1/8" (3 mm) torch-to-work distance
- To cut thinner material, reduce the amps until you get the best quality cut. FineCut consumables are recommended for cutting 24 to 10 ga (.5 to 3.5 mm)
- For straight-line cuts, use a straight edge as a guide
- To cut circles, use a template or a Hypertherm circle cut guide, part number 027668

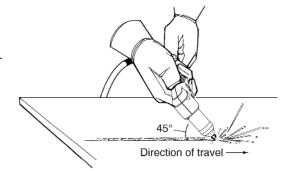
PIERCING

- Torch to work piece distance before firing torch = approximately 1/8" (3 mm)
- Steps:
- Fire the torch at a 40-45 degree angle to the work piece – Slowly rotate it to an upright position
- 2. When sparks are exiting from the bottom of the work piece, the arc has pierced through the material
- 3. When the pierce is complete, proceed with the cut



GOUGING

- Torch to work piece distance before firing torch = approximately 1/16" (1.5 mm)
- Steps:
 - Hold the torch at a 40-45 degree angle to the work piece – Pull the trigger to obtain a pilot arc. – Transfer the arc to the work piece
 - 2. Maintain a 45° angle, approximately, from the work piece
 - 3. Feed into the gouge the slower the motion, the deeper the gouge. It is better to move faster and make another pass than mistakenly remove more metal than



desired on the first pass.4. A heat shield is available for added hand and torch protection, part number 220049

OVERTIGHTENING RETAINING CAP WILL DAMAGE TORCH – Finger tighten only!

THICKNESS BY AMPERAGE

Consumables type	Amp setting	Thickness range Inches mm		
FineCut	30 – 50	24 ga – 10 ga	.5 mm – 3.5 mm	
40 amp	25 – 40	26 ga – 1/4"	.5 mm – 6.5 mm	
60 amp	60	16 ga – 3/4"	1.5 mm – 19 mm	
80 amp	80	3/16" - 1"	5 mm – 25 mm	
100 amp	100	1/4" – 1 1/4"	6 mm – 32 mm	

The above table provides general thickness ranges for shielded cutting of mild and stainless steel. Faster cut speeds are required at the bottom of the range, slower speeds at the top of range. Best edge quality is near the middle of the range. For further detail, and information on all applications, see the cut charts in your operating manual.

